

LESSON 26 A

SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

NOUNS

lingua, -ae (1st declension, feminine) *language, tongue*

institūtum, -ī (2nd declension, neuter) *custom*

lex, lēgis (3rd declension, feminine) *law*

pars, -tis (3rd declension, feminine) *part*

flūmen, -inis (3rd declension, neuter) *river*

CARDINAL AND ORDINAL NUMBERS (P. 256)

ūnus one (p. 252)

duo two (p. 254)

trēs three (p. 254)

prīmus first

secundus second

tertius third

DEMONSTRATIVES, REFLEXIVES, POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS, ADJECTIVES, ETC.

hīc, haec, hōc *this* (p. 93, 258)

ipse, ipsa, ipsum *himself, herself, itself* (p. 93, 259)

suī, sibi, sē, sē *himself, herself, itself* (p. 131)

quī, quae, quod *who* (p. 62, 259)

noster, nostra, nostrum *our* (p. 252) A 1st and 2nd declension adjective that has an -er ending in the nominative masculine singular

vester, vestra, vestrum *your* (p. 252) same situation as with **noster, nostra, nostrum**

alius, alia, aliud *other* (p. 60-61)

omnis, omne (3rd declension adjective of two endings) *all* (declined like **fortis, forte** which is at the top of page 253)

VERBS

ferō, ferre, tulī, latum (3rd conjugation) *bear, carry*

dīvidō, dīvidere, dīvisī, dīvisum (3rd conjugation) *divide, separate*

incolō, incolere, incoluī, incultum (3rd conjugation) *inhabit*

appellō, appellāre, appellāvī, appellātum (1st conjugation) *call, name*

differō, differre, distulī, dilātum (dis+fero) (3rd conjugation) *scatter, harass, delay,*

differ

PREPOSITIONS

inter (takes the accusative) *between, among*

Don't confuse **inter** with **intra**

intra (takes the accusative) *within*

cis, citrā (takes the accusative) *on this side of*

trāns (takes the accusative) *across*

PROPER NAMES

Gallia, Galliae (feminine) *Gaul* (the area that today would be called France)

Galli (**Celtae**) a group of people who lived in the area that today would be called France. Called **Galli** (*Gauls*) in Latin, but they call themselves **Celtae** (*Celts*)

Aquitani a group of people who lived in the area that today would be called Aquitaine, a region in the southwest of France. In ancient Roman times, the area known as **Aquitania** was everything from the Pyrenees and the Garonne River (Latin: **Garumna**)

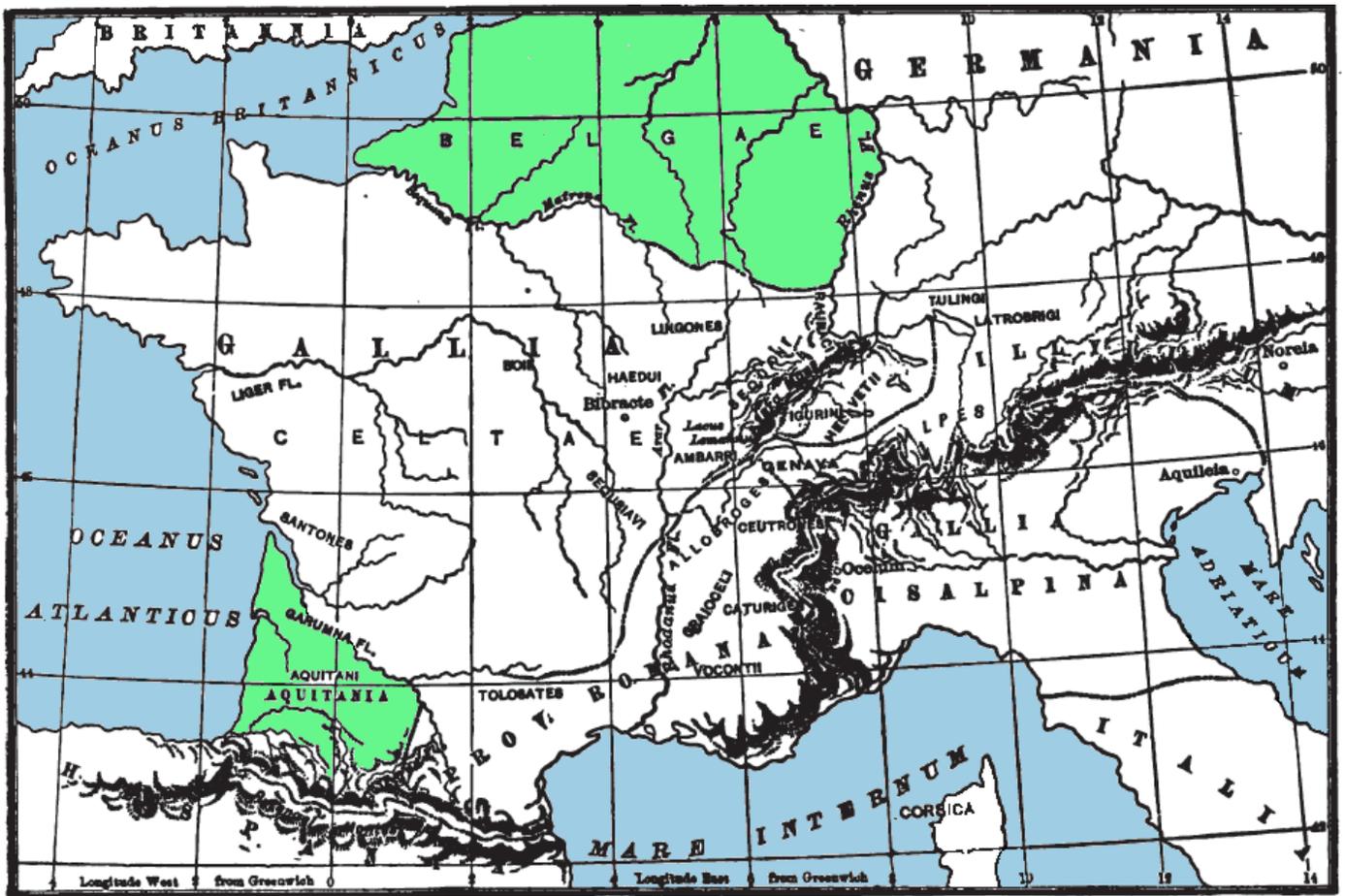
Belgae a group of people who lived in the area that today would be called Belgium (in ancient Roman times **Belgica**)

Garumna (feminine) the river that is today known as the Garonne

Matrona (feminine) the river that is today known as the Marne

Sequana (feminine) the river that is today known as the Seine

MAP 2



PRACTICE SENTENCES

1. Gallia est omnis dīvisā.
2. Pars prima.
3. Flumen secundum.
4. Lex tertia.
5. Aquitanī Galliam incolunt.
6. Hī lēgibus differunt.
7. Flumen dīvidit Gallos ab Aquitanīs.
8. Celtae appellantur.
9. Differunt inter sē.